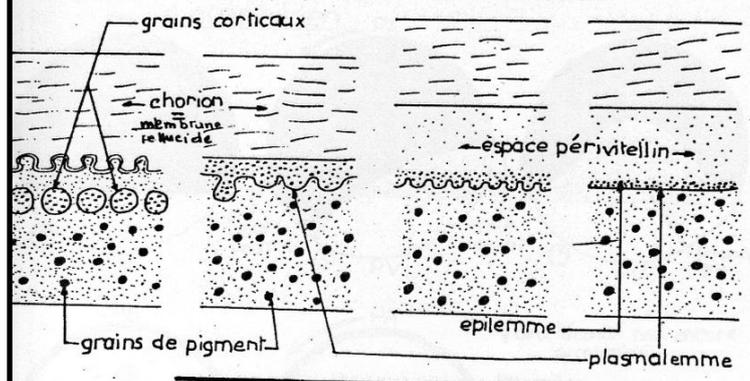
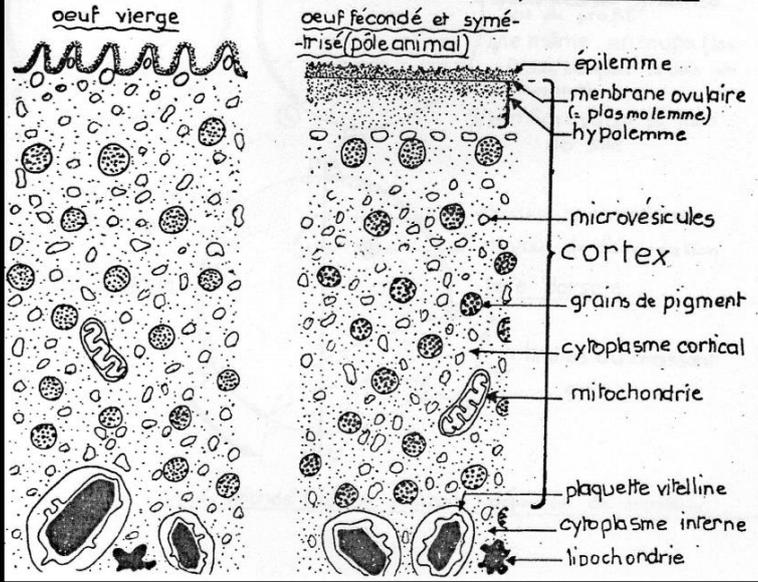


Réaction corticale chez les amphibiens

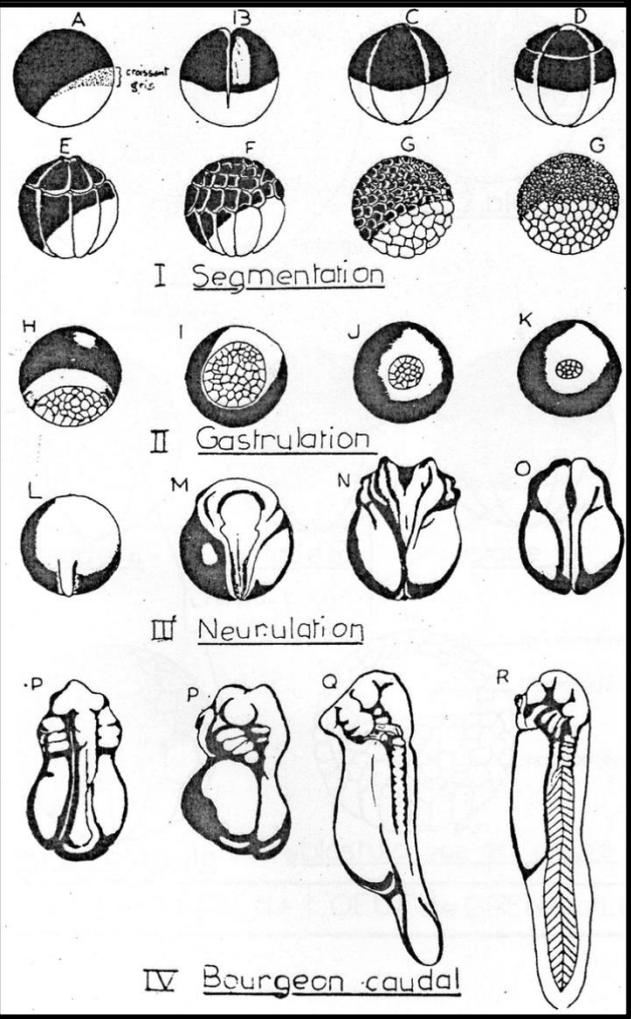
a/ Modifications du cortex et du matériel périvitellin chez la grenouille



b/ Modifications du cortex de l'oeuf de Triton après fécondation

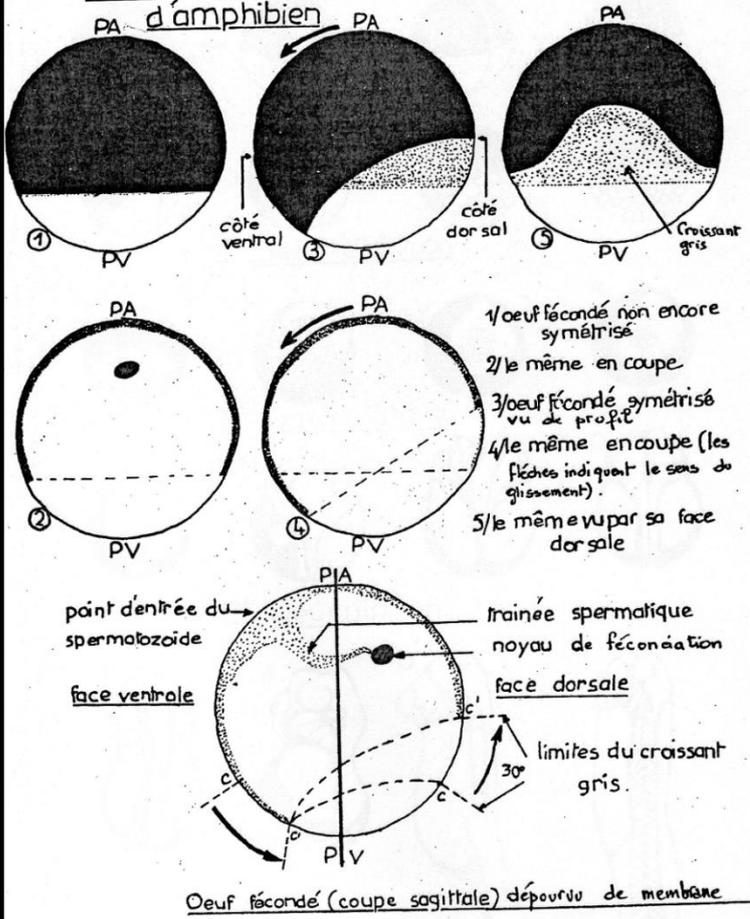


Grandes étapes du développement embryonnaire chez les amphibiens (vue externe)

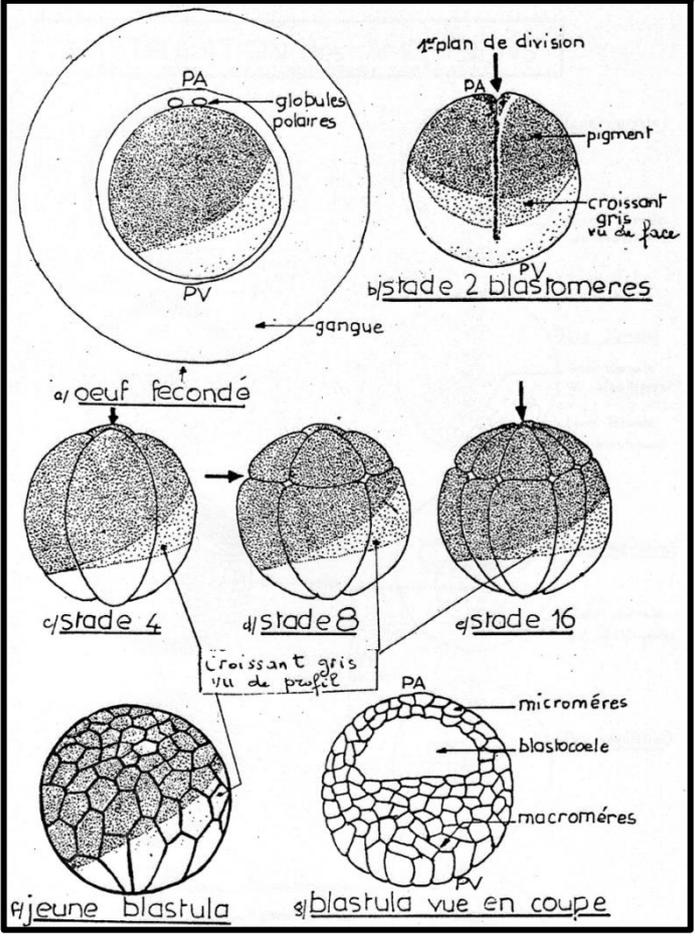


Symétrisation

Rotation de symétrisation d'un oeuf d'amphibien



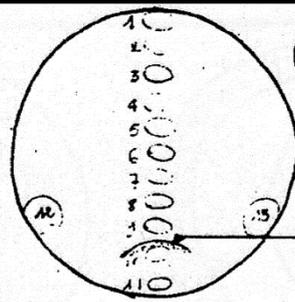
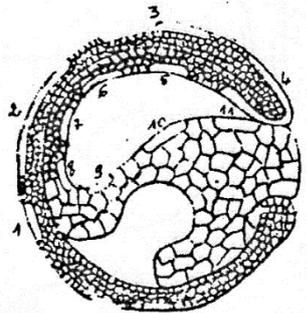
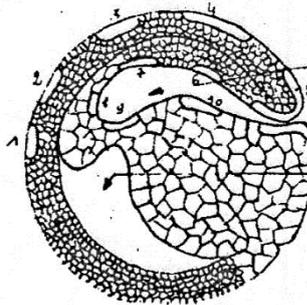
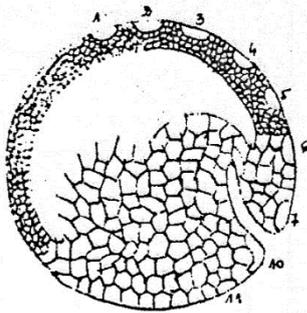
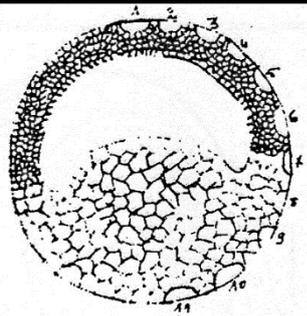
Segmentation de l'oeuf après la fécondation



Gastrulation des amphibiens

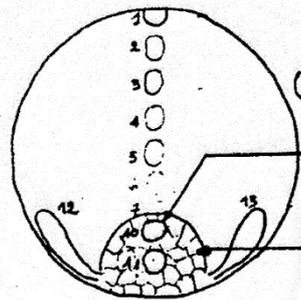
(Technique des marques colorées : Carte des territoires présomptifs)

Coupes
sagittales



(face dorsale)

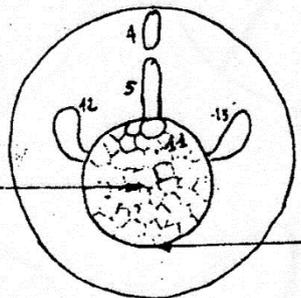
lèvre dorsale
du blastopore



(face dorsale)

lèvre dorsale
du blastopore

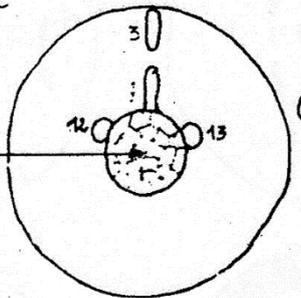
lèvre latérale
du blastopore



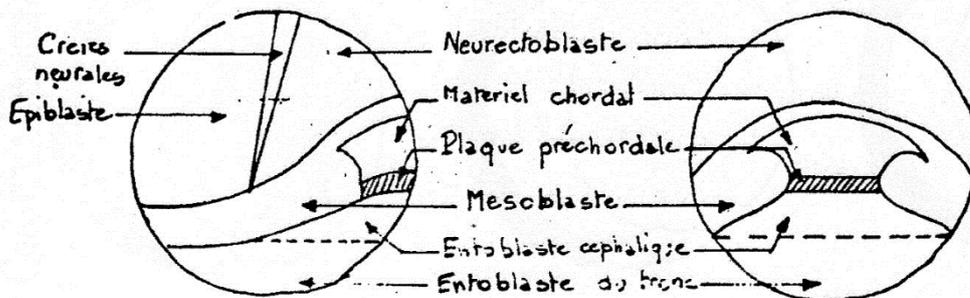
(face végétative)

lèvre ventrale
du blastopore

Bouche non
vitel lin de
RUS CONI



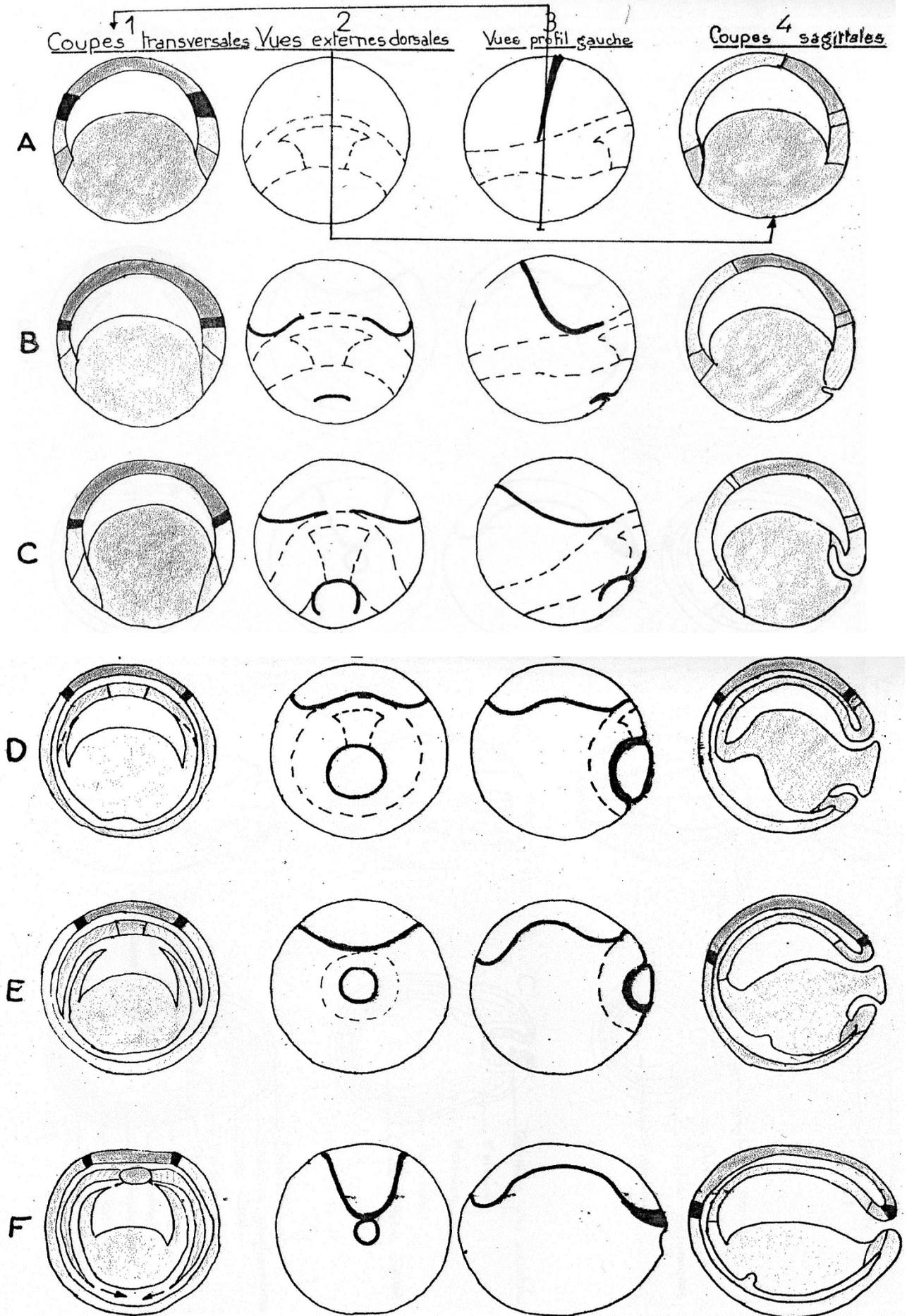
(face végétative)



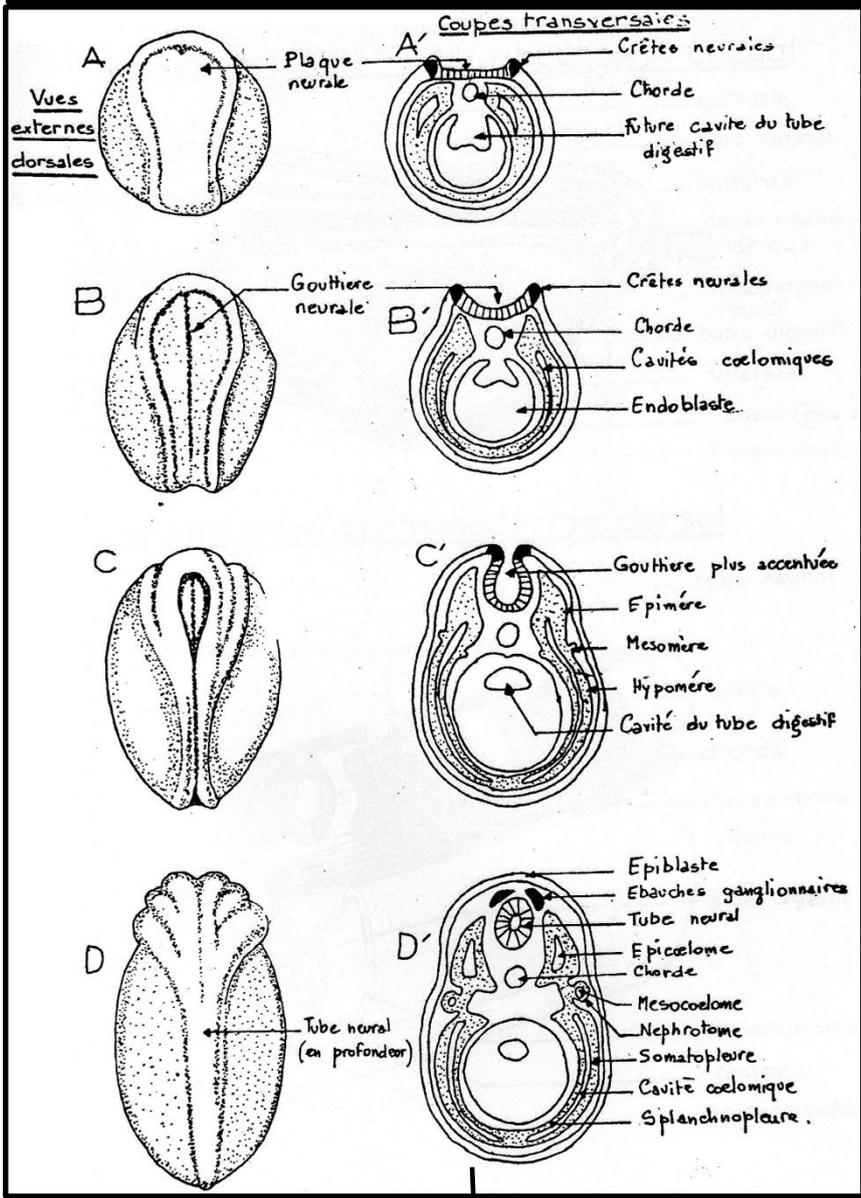
Crêtes
neurales
Epiblaste

Neuroctoblaste
Materiel chordal
Plaque préchordale
Mesoblaste
Entoblaste cephalique
Entoblaste du tronc

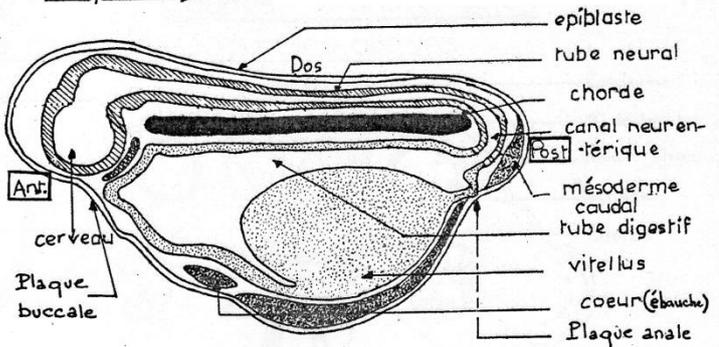
Evolution des territoires présomptifs pendant la gastrulation (amphibiens)



Neurulation des amphibiens



*** coupe sagittale**



*** segmentation du mesoderme dorsal**

